308th Fighter Squadron

Lineage.

Constituted as 308 Pursuit Squadron (Interceptor) on 21 January 1942.

Activated on 30 January 1942.

Redesignated 308 Fighter Squadron on 15 May 1942.

Redesignated 308 Fighter Squadron, Single Engine, on 20 August 1943. Inactivated on 7 November 1945.

Activated on 20 August 1946.

Redesignated 308 Fighter Squadron, Jet, on 15 June 1948.

Redesignated 308 Fighter-Bomber Squadron on 20 January 1950.

Redesignated 308 Fighter-Escort Squadron on 16 July 1950.

Redesignated 308 Strategic Fighter Squadron on 20 January 1953.

Redesignated 308 Fighter-Bomber Squadron on 1 April 1957.

Redesignated 308 Tactical Fighter Squadron on 1 July 1958.

Redesignated 308 Tactical Fighter Training Squadron on 9 October 1980.

Redesignated 308 Tactical Fighter Squadron on 1 October 1986.

Redesignated 308 Fighter Squadron on 1 November 1991.

Inactivated on 25 June 2015.

Honors

Campaign Streamers.

World War II European-African-Middle Eastern Theater:

Air Offensive, Europe [1942–1944]

Algeria-French Morocco with Arrowhead [1942]

Tunisia [1942-1943]

Sicily [1942-1943]

Naples-Foggia [1943-1944]

Anzio [1944]

Rome-Arno [1944]

Normandy [1944]

Northern France [1944]

Southern France [1944]

North Apennines [1944-1945]

Rhineland [1944-1945]

Central Europe [1945]

¹ TAC SO G-12, 1 November 1991

² AETC SO G-15-9, 18 June 2015



Campaign Streamers (Continued).

World War II European-African-Middle Eastern Theater (Continued):

Po Valley [1945]

Air Combat [1941–1945]

Vietnam:

Vietnam Defensive [1965-1966]

Vietnam Air [1966]

Vietnam Air Offensive [1966-1967]

Vietnam Air Offensive, Phase II [1967-1968]

Vietnam Air Offensive, Phase III [1968]

Vietnam Air/Ground [1968]

Vietnam Air Offensive, Phase IV [1968-1969]

Tet 1969 Counteroffensive [1969]

Vietnam Summer-Fall 1969 [1969]

Vietnam Winter-Spring 1970 [1969-1970]

Sanctuary Counteroffensive [1970]

Southwest Monsoon [1970]

Vietnam Cease Fire [1972-1973]

Decorations.

Distinguished Unit Citations

Rumania, 21 April 1944 Poland, 25 July 1944

Presidential Unit Citations

Southeast Asia, 8 June 1966–16 April 1967 Southeast Asia, 1 May–31 December 1968

Air Force Outstanding Unit Awards

4-16 July 1952

1 March–30 November 1962

17 December 1966–30 April 1968 with Combat "V" Device

18 December 1972–27 January 1973 with Combat "V" Device

23 February 1991–22 February 1993

1 July 1994-30 June 1996³

1 July 1996-30 June 1998⁴

1 July 1998-30 June 2000⁵

1 July 2001-30 June 2003⁶

1 June [July] 2003-30 June 2005⁷

³ AETC SO GA-18/1996

⁴ AETC SO GA-12/1998

⁵ AETC SO GA-9/2000

⁶ AETC SO GA-55/2004

⁷ AETC SO GA-0052/2006

Decorations. (Continued)

Air Force Outstanding Unit Award (Continued)

1 July 2005-30 June 2006⁸
1 July 2006-30 June 2007⁹
1 July 2007-30 June 2008¹⁰
1 July 2008-30 June 2009¹¹
1 July 2009-30 June 2010¹²
1 July 2010-30 June 2011¹³
1 July 2011-30 June 2012¹⁴
1 July 2012-30 June 2013¹⁵
1 July 2013-30 June 2014¹⁶

Special Honors.

Republic of Vietnam Gallantry Cross with Palm,

16 December 1966-15 October 1970

Squadron – 184.5 Total Aerial Victory Credits. 12 Squadron Aces: Name Aerial Victories

<u> 1 tallic</u>	ACTIAL VICTORIES			
			<u>In Sq</u>	Lifetime Total
Capt Royal N. Baker	3	16.5		
Col William A. Daniel ¹⁷	2	5		
Capt William J. Dillard ¹⁸	2	6		
Major Harry W. Dorris	5.2	5 5.25		
Capt Robert J. Goebel	11	11		
Capt Walter J. Goehausen, Jr.	10	10		
Maj Frank A. Hill	2	7		
1st Lt Richard F. Hurd	6	6		
Capt Leland P. Molland	11	11		
Capt Jack R. Smith	5	5		
1st Lt Frederick O. Trafton, Jr.	5	5		
Capt John J. Voll	21	21		

⁸ AETC SO GA-045/2007

AETC SO G-054/2008

AETC SO G-071/2009

AETC SO G-025/2010

AETC SO G-086/2011

¹³ AETC SO G-171/17 April 2012

AETC SO G-036, 1 March 2013

¹⁵ AETC SO G-017, 1 February 2014

AETC SO G-029, 8 January 2015

NOTE: Became an ace while in the squadron.

NOTE: Became an ace while in the squadron.

Assignments. 31st Pursuit (later, 31st Fighter) Group, 30 January 1942–7 November 1945. 31st Fighter (later, 31st Fighter-Bomber; 31 Fighter-Escort) Group, 20 August 1946 (attached to 31st Fighter-Escort Wing, 27 July 1951–15 June 1952); 31st Fighter-Escort (later, 31st Strategic Fighter; 31st Fighter-Bomber; 31st Tactical Fighter) Wing, 16 June 1952 (attached to Alaskan Air Command, 5 December 1956–7 January 1957; Unknown, 15-21 August 1958, 22 August 1958-19 January 1959, 11 July-c. December 1959, 7 Mar-c. 19 July 1961; 18th Tactical Fighter Wing, 13 March-30 April 1963; Unknown, 1 May-3 July 1963; 7231st Combat Support Group, 9 Feb-5 May 1964 and 9 March-8 July 1965); 3d Tactical Fighter Wing, 2 December 1965 (attached to 31st Tactical Fighter Wing, 15 November–25 December 1966); 31st Tactical Fighter Wing, 25 December 1966; 4403d Fighter Wing, 5 October 1970; 31st Tactical Fighter Wing, 30 October 1970 (attached to 432d Tactical Reconnaissance Wing, 28 April–29 July 1972; 8th Tactical Fighter Wing, 11 December 1972–11 June 1973); 31st Operations Group, 1 November 1991 (attached to 347th Operations Group, c. 11 September–19 November 1992); 347th Operations Group, 20 November 1992; 56th Operations Group, 1 April 1994–25 June 2015. 19

Stations. Baer Field, Indiana, 30 January 1942; New Orleans AB, Louisiana, 6 Feb-19 May 1942; Atcham, England, c. 10 June 1942; Kenley, England, 1 August 1942; Westhampnett, England, 25 August–23 October 1942; Tafaraoui, Algeria, 8 November 1942 (operated from Casablanca, French Morocco, 10–31 January 1943); Thelepte, Tunisia, 6 February 1943; Tebessa, Algeria, 17 February 1943; Canrobert, Algeria, 21 February 1943; Kalaa Djerda, Tunisia, 25 February 1943; Thelepte, Tunisia, 11 March 1943; Djilma, Tunisia, 7 April 1943; Le Sers, Tunisia, 12 April 1943; Korba, Tunisia, 20 May 1943; Gozo, c. 30 June 1943; Ponte Olivo, Sicily, 14 July 1943; Agrigento, Sicily, 19 July 1943; Termini, Sicily, c. 2 August 1943; Milazzo, Sicily, 2 September 1943; Montecorvino, Italy, 20 September 1943; Pomigliano, Italy, 14 October 1943; Castel Volturno, Italy, 14 January 1944; San Severo, Italy, 2 April 1944; Mondolfo, Italy, 3 March 1945; Triolo, Italy, 14 July-5 August 1945; Drew Field, Florida, August-7 November 1945. Giebelstadt, Germany, 20 August 1946; Kitzingen, Germany, c. 30 September 1946–25 June 1947; Langley Field, Virginia, 25 June 1947; Turner Field (later, Air Force Base), Georgia, 4 September 1947 (deployed at Manston Royal Air Force Station, England, 26 December 1950–25 July 1951; Misawa Air Base, Japan, 20 July–16 October 1952; Chitose Air Base, Japan, 7 November 1953–9 February 1954; Eielson Air Force Base, Alaska, 5 December 1956–7 January 1957; Hahn Air Base, Germany, 15 August-21 August 1958; Aviano Air Base, Italy, 22 August 1958-19 January 1959); George Air Force Base, California, 15 March 1959 (deployed at Moron Air Base, Spain, 11 July–c. December 1959; Aviano Air Base, Italy, 7 March-c. 19 July 1961); Homestead, Air Force Base, Florida, 1 October 1962-c. 5 December 1965 (deployed at Kadena Air Base, Okinawa, 13 March–30 April 1963; Itazuke Air Base, Japan, 1 May–3 July 1963; Cigli Air Base, Turkey, 9 Feb–5 May 1964 and 9 March-8 July 1965); Bien Hoa Air Base, South Vietnam, c. 7 December 1965; Tuy Hoa Air Base, South Vietnam, 15 November 1966–30 September 1970; England Air Force Base, Louisiana, 5 October 1970; Homestead Air Force Base, Florida,

¹⁹ AETC MO MO-2, 25 March 1994; AETC SO G-15-9, 18 June 2015

30 October 1970 (deployed at Udorn Royal Thai Air Force Base, Thailand, 28 April–29 July 1972; Ubon Royal Thai Air Force Base, Thailand, 11 December 1972–11 June 1973; operated from Moody Air Force Base, Georgia, c. 11–30 September 1992); Moody Air Force Base, Georgia, 1 October 1992; Luke Air Force Base, Arizona, 1 April 1994–25 June 2015.²⁰

Aircraft.

Curtis P-40 Warhawk, 1942
Bell P-39 Airacobra,1942
Supermarine Spitfire, 1942–1943
North American P (later, F)-51 Lightning, 1943–1945 and 1947–1949
Lockheed P (later, F)-80 Shooting Star, 1946–1947
Republic F-84 Thunderjet, 1948–1957
North American F-100 Super Sabre, 1957–1970
McDonnell Douglas F-4 Phantom II, 1970–1986
Lockheed F-16 Fighting Falcon, 1986–2015.

Emblem. Originally approved on 10 January 1962; newest rendition approved on 18 July 1995.

Blazon. Checky Argent and Vert, on an arrowhead point to base throughout Silver Gray fimbriated Sable, a dexter cubit arm vambraced fesswise issuant from sinister Argent grasping a sword point to base of the like, hilt of the second and piercing a cloud issuing from base White; all within a diminished bordure Or.

Attached above the disc a White scroll edged with a narrow Yellow border and inscribed "308th FIGHTER SQ" in Yellow letters.

Attached below the disc a White scroll edged with a narrow Yellow border and inscribed "EMERALD KNIGHTS" in Yellow letters.

Official Motto. Emerald Knights

Significance. Yellow is an Air Force color and refers to the sun and the excellence required of Air Force personnel. The checky field suggests the field of battle. The arrowhead denotes the aircraft of the squadron in association with the field of battle. The arm in armor, grasping a sword, symbolizes the unit's ability to defend the peace. The sword piercing the cloud stands for the sky, the unit's theater of operation.

AETC MO-2, 25 March 1994; AETC SO G-15-9, 18 June 2015

Commanders.

308th Pursuit Squadron (Interceptor) [30 January 1942 - 15 May 1942]

Maj Fred M. Dean 30 January 1942-15 May 1942 (Lieutenant General)

308th Fighter Squadron [15 May 1942-20 August 1943]

Maj Fred M. Dean 15 May 1942 (Lieutenant General)

Maj Delwin B. Avery
Capt Frank A. Hill
Maj Delwin B. Avery
Capt Thomas B. Fleming

1 September 1942
10 February 1943
4 March 1943
May 1943

Maj John H. Paulk 8 July 1943-20 August 1943

308th Fighter Squadron, Single Engine [20 August 1943-7 November 1945;

20 August 1946-15 June 1948]

Maj John H. Paulk

Maj Walter J. Overend

Lt Col James G. Thorsen

20 August 1943

14 October 1943

18 February 1944

Maj Harry W. Dorris 24 June 1944 [Ace] Maj Leland P. Molland 28 July 1944 [Ace]

Maj Frank A. Wagner 4 December 1944

Lt Col James G. Thorsen 2 February 1945-Unknown

Unknown 20 August 1946

Lt Col Shannon Christian October 1947-15 June 1948

308th Fighter Squadron, Jet [15 June 1948-20 January 1950]

Lt Col Shannon Christian 15 June 1948

Maj Ray M. Hilliard July 1948-20 January 1950

308th Fighter-Bomber Squadron [20 January 1950-16 July 1950]

Maj Ray M. Hilliard 20 January 1950-16 July 1950

308th Fighter-Escort Squadron [16 July 1950-20 January 1953]

Maj Ray M. Hilliard 16 July 1950

Lt Col Jerrold M. Vivian 15 August 1952-20 January 1953

308th Strategic Fighter Squadron [20 January 1953-1 April 1957]

Lt Col Jerrold M. Vivian 20 January 1953

Lt Col Frank W. Klibbe September 1953 [Ace]

Maj John W. Santry 17 January 1955 Maj John E. Pitts, Jr. July 1956-1 April 1957

308th Fighter-Bomber Squadron [1 April 1957-1 July 1958]

Maj John E. Pitts, Jr. 1 April 1957 (Brigadier General)

Maj Donald N. Standfield 24 September 1957-1 July 1958

Commanders. (Continued)

308th Tactical Fighter Squadron [1 July 1958-9 October 1980]

Maj Donald N. Standfield 1 July 1958

Maj Robinson Risner 15 March 1959 [Ace](Brigadier General)

Maj John B. Butler 15 July 1960

Lt Col Virgil K. Meroney 31 August 1960 [Ace]

Maj William Peters 17 December 1961 Maj Louie E. Lovitt 28 April 1962 Lt Col Alfred N. King 14 August 1962 Lt Col Durward B. Russell, Jr. 22 September 1964

Lt Col Alan E. Wockenfuss c. June 1966 Lt Col Hubert N. Skidmore c. 1967

Lt Col Jack M. Smith c. 19 March 1968

Lt Col Thomas G. Ferrara 1968

Lt Col James Rodeen 30 June 1969 Lt Col Willliam J. Hosmer 30 August 1969

Lt Col Henry Buttelman 28 March 1970 [Ace]

Lt Col David L. Robb 6 July 1970-c. 15 October 1970 Unknown c. 15 October 1970 October 1970 Lt Col George L. Schulstad 30 October 1970 (Brigadier General)

Lt Col George L. Schulstad

Lt Col Benjamin F. Ingram, Jr.

Lt Col Robert F. Johnston, II

Lt Col Thomas E. Colvin

30 October 1970

19 February 1971

3 October 1971

1 September 1972

Lt Col Steve Braswell

10 November 1972

Lt Col Steve Braswell

10 November 1972

Lt Col Abner Prophett 1 March 1973

Lt Col Henry D. Canterbury 23 July 1973 (Major General)

Lt Col James D. Terry

Lt Col Earnest L. Coleman

Lt Col Wilbur E. Roberts

Lt Col Marcus F. Cooper, Jr.

31 January 1975

27 July 1976

6 June 1977

22 June 1978

Lt Col Timothy F. McConnell 6 February 1980-9 October 1980

308th Tactical Fighter Training Squadron [9 October 1980-1 October 1986]

Lt Col Timothy F. McConnell 9 October 1980 Lt Col Lester D. Alford 10 August 1981 Lt Col Kenneth A. Frey 13 April 1983 Lt Col James P. Soden 18 November 1983

Lt Col Max R. Hix 27 December 1985-1 October 1986

308th Tactical Fighter Squadron [1 October 1986-1 November 1991]

Lt Col Max R. Hix 1 October 1986 Lt Col Douglas M. Hosmer 30 October 1986 Lt Col Robert R. Scott 25 October 1987 Lt Col Michael B. Larkin 28 April 1989

Lt Col Phillip B. Straley 16 June 1989-1 November 1991.

Commanders. (Continued)

308th Fighter Squadron [1 November 1991-.]

Lt Col Phillip B. Straley	1 November 1991	
Lt Col Frederick D.		
Van Valkenburg, Jr.	10 July 1992	(Brigadier General)
Lt Col Ricardo M. Cazessus	25 June 1993	
Lt Col Kevin W. Smith	1 April 1994 ²¹	
Lt Col William C. Coutts	17 March 1995 ²²	
Lt Col Lawrence L. Wells	11 July 1996 ²³	(Major General)
Lt Col Timothy P. Orwell	11 July 1997 ²⁴	
Lt Col James M. Smothermon	1 December 1997 ²⁵	
Lt Col Michael C. Barton	13 December 1999 ²⁰	
Lt Col Samuel C. Johnston	19 January 2001 ²⁷	
Lt Col John M. Sieverling	29 January 2002 ²⁶	
Lt Col David E. Ellis	9 July 2003 ²⁹	
Lt Col Kenneth E. Lacy	24 June 2005 ³⁰	
Lt Col Jeffrey C. Schroeder	16 May 2007 ³¹	
Lt Col Jeffrey R. Jenssen	14 May 2009 ³²	
Lt Col Christopher Colcord	2 June 2011 ³³	24
Lt Col Christopher A. Bacon	11 July 2013-25 June	2015 ³⁴

²¹ [311 FS SO SO=GF-001, 25 March 1994]

² 308 FS SO SO-GF-005, 15 March 1995

²³ 308 FS SO SO-GF-002, 13 June 1996

²⁴ 308 FS SO G-003, 9 July 1997

²⁵ 308 FS SO GL-002, c. 2 December 1997

²⁶ 308 FS SO GF-002, 9 December 1999

²⁷ 308 FS SO GL-001, 9 January 2001

²⁸ 56 FW SO GL-1, 28 January 2002

²⁹ 56 FW SO 308FS-GL-03-4, 9 July 2003

³⁰ 56 FW SO 56OG-G-2005-12, 24 June 2005

³¹ 308 FS SO G-2007-005, c. 21 May 2007

³² 308 FS SO G-035, 12 June 2009

^{33 308} FS SO G-012, 2 June 2011

³⁴ 56 MSG SO GS-24, 11 July 2013; AETC SO G-15-9, 18 June 2015

Narrative.

On 21 January 1942, the unit was constituted as the 308th Pursuit Squadron (Interceptor). It activated at Baer Field, Indiana, on 30 January 1942, was assigned to the 31st Pursuit (later, 31st Fighter) Group. On 6 February 1942, the unit moved to New Orleans AB, Louisiana. During this period, the squadron trained in flew the Curtis P-40 Warhawk and Bell P-39 Airacobra. On 15 May 1942, the unit was redesignated as the 308th Fighter Squadron. Four days later, the unit left for Europe without aircraft. Around 10 June 1942, the squadron arrived at Atcham, England. Equipped with the Supermarine Spitfire, the squadron trained in the aircraft for two months. On 1 August 1942, the unit moved to Kenley, England, where it began flying combat missions on the 17th. On 25 August 1942, the squadron moved to Westhampnett, England, where it continued to fly combat mission in the Theater of Operations (ETO).

On 23 October 1942, the squadron departed for the Mediterranean Theater of Operations (MTO). It landed at Tafaraoui, Algeria, 8 November 1942, the first day of the Allied invasion of North Africa. Between 10 and 31 January 1943, the squadron operated from Casablanca, French Morocco. On 6 February 1943, the squadron moved to Thelepte, Tunisia. On 17 February 1943, the unit relocated to Tebessa, Algeria. Four days later, it moved to Canrobert, Algeria and four days after that to Kalaa Djerda, Tunisia. On 11 March 1943, it moved back to Thelepte, Tunisia. On 7 April 1943, the squadron moved to Djilma, Tunisi, and five days later to Le Sers, Tunisia. The North Africa Campaign ended on 13 May 1943. Seven days later, the squadron moved to Korba, Tunisia. In preparation for the invasion of Sicily, around 30 June 1943, the squadron moved to an island off of Malta by the name of Gozo. The invasion began on 9 July 1943. Five days after that, the squadron moved to Ponte Olivo, Sicily, and then Agrigento, Sicily, five days after that. Around 2 August 1943, the unit moved to Termini, Sicily. The invasion ended on 17 August 1943. On 20 August 1943, the squadron was redesignated as the 308th Fighter Squadron, Single Engine. On 2 September 1943, the day before the Allies invaded Italy, the squadron moved to Milazzo, Sicily. Eighteen days later, the squadron moved to Montecorvino, Italy. On 14 October 1943, it moved again to Pomigliano, Italy. About this time, the squadron converted to the North American P-51 Lightning, which it flew for the rest of the war. In preparation for the Allied amphibious landings at Anzio, the squadron moved to Castel Volturno, Italy, on 14 January 1944. On 2 April 1944, the unit move to San Severo, Italy, and on 3 March 1945 to Mondolfo, Italy. On 14 July 1945, the squadron moved to Triolo, Italy. On 5 August 1945, it departed for the United States. It arrived at Drew Field, Florida, in August 1945, and was inactivated on 7 November 1945. During World War II, the 308th created 12 aces and was credited with 184.5 aerial victories. For its efforts, the squadron garnered 2 Distinguished Unit Citations and 15 campaign streamers.

The 308th Fighter Squadron, Single Engine, was reactivated on 20 August 1946, flying the Lockheed P (later, F)-80 Shooting Star at Giebelstadt, Germany. It was reassigned to the 31st Fighter (later, 31st Fighter-Bomber; 31 Fighter-Escort) Group. Around 30 September 1946, the squadron moved to Kitzingen, Germany. On 25 June 1947, the squadron moved to Langley Field, Virginia, and flew the North American P-51 Lightning. On 4 September 1947, the squadron moved to Turner Field (later, Air Force

Base), Georgia. In 1948, the squadron began a yearlong transition to the Republic F-84 Thunderjet. On 15 June 1948, the unit was redesignated as the 308th Fighter Squadron, Jet. On 20 January 1950, the squadron was redesignated as the 308th Fighter-Bomber Squadron and then the 308th Fighter-Escort Squadron on 16 July 1950. Between 26 December 1950 and 25 July 1951, the unit deployed to Manston Royal Air Force Station, England. On 27 July 1951, the squadron was attached to 31st Fighter-Escort Wing. On 16 June 1952, the unit was official assigned to the 31st Fighter-Escort (later, 31st Strategic Fighter; 31st Fighter-Bomber; 31st Tactical Fighter) Wing. Four day later, the squadron deployed at Misawa Air Base, Japan, and remained there until 16 October 1952. On 20 January 1953, the unit was redesignated as the 308th Strategic Fighter Squadron. Between 7 November 1953 and 9 February 1954, the squadron deployed at Chitose Air Base, Japan. Between 5 December 1956 and 7 January 1957, the 308th deployed to Eielson Air Force Base, Alaska, and was attached to Alaskan Air Command. In 1957, the squadron converted to the North American F-100 Super Sabre and was redesignated as the 308th Fighter-Bomber Squadron on 1 April 1957. On 1 July 1958, the squadron was redesignated as the 308th Tactical Fighter Squadron. Between 15 August and 21 August 1958, the unit deployed at Hahn Air Base, Germany, but was attached to an unknown organization. The next day, it deployed at Aviano Air Base, Italy, and remained there until 19 January 1959. While there, it was attached to an unknown organization. On 15 March 1959, the squadron moved to George Air Force Base, California. Between 11 July and December 1959, the unit was deployed at Moron Air Base, Spain, and attached to an unknown organization. From 7 March to around 19 July 1961, the squadron deployed at Aviano Air Base, Italy, and attached to an unknown organization. On 1 October 1962, the squadron moved to Homestead, Air Force Base, Florida.

Between 13 March and 30 April 1963, the unit deployed at Kadena Air Base, Okinawa, and was attached to 18th Tactical Fighter Wing. The next day the squadron deployed at Itazuke Air Base, Japan, was attached to an unknown organization and stayed until 3 July 1963. Between 9 February and 5 May 1964, the unit deployed to Cigli Air Base, Turkey, and was attached to 7231st Combat Support Group. Between 9 March and 8 July 1965, the 308th deployed again to Cigli Air Base, and was attached to 7231st. On 2 December 1965, the squadron was assigned to the 3d Tactical Fighter Wing.

Around 5 December 1965, the squadron left Homestead, and a couple of days later arrived at Bien Hoa Air Base, South Vietnam. On 15 November 1966, it moved to Tuy Hoa Air Base, South Vietnam and was attached to the 31st Tactical Fighter Wing until 25 December 1966, when it was assigned to the 31st. On 30 September 1970, the squadron left Tuy Hoa Air Base, and on 5 October 1970 arrived at England Air Force Base, Louisiana, and was assigned to the 4403d Fighter Wing. On 30 October 1970, it moved to Homestead Air Force Base, Florida, reassigned to the 31st Tactical Fighter Wing, and began flying the McDonnell Douglas F-4 Phantom II. Between 28 April and 29 July 1972, the squadron deployed at Udorn Royal Thai Air Force Base, Thailand, and was attached to the 432d Tactical Reconnaissance Wing. Between 11 December 1972 and 11 June 1973, the unit deployed to Ubon Royal Thai Air Force Base, Thailand, and was attached to the 8th Tactical Fighter Wing. During this period, the squadron flew

combat missions Southeast Asia. During the war in Southeast Asia, the 308th earned 2 Presidential Unit Citations, 13 campaign streamers, and a Republic of Vietnam Gallantry Cross with Palm.

In 1974, the squadron became an F-4 replacement training unit. On 1 April 1976, the unit picked up an additional mission of the Air Defense of southern Florida. On 9 October 1980, the squadron was redesignated as the 308th Tactical Fighter Training Squadron.

During 1986, the squadron converted to the Lockheed F-16 Fighting Falcon and lost its training mission. On 1 October 1986, the unit was redesignated as the 308th Tactical Fighter Squadron. On 1 November 1991, the squadron was redesignated as the 308th Fighter Squadron and reassigned to the 31st Operations Group. On 24 August 1992, Hurricane Hugo devastated Homestead Air Force Base, Florida. Around 11 September 1992, the squadron began operating from Moody Air Force Base, Georgia, and was attached to the 347th Operations Group. On 1 October 1992, the move to Moody Air Force Base was made permanent, thus ending its Air Defense of southern Florida mission. On 20 November 1992, the unit was assigned to 347th Operations Group. While at Moody Air Force Base, the squadron trained to deploy in support of US national security interests and global military contingencies. On 1 April 1994, the squadron was assigned to the 56th Operations Group at Luke Air Force Base, Arizona. The squadron conducted qualification training for USAF student pilots and proficiency training for instructor pilots and rated pilots already qualified in F-16 aircraft, 1994-2015. On 25 June 2015, the 308th Fighter Squadron inactivated.

Lineage, Assignments, Stations, and Honors through 7 May 2009. Commanders, Aircraft, and Operations through 30 September 2008. Supersedes published information contained in: Judy G. Endicott (ed.), *USAF Active* Prepared by Patsy Robertson. Reviewed by Daniel Haulman.

Updated 30 June 2015 **Updated by** Rick Griset